U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
POLLUTION REPORT

I. HEADING

DATE: August 12, 2008
SUBJECT: Tidewater Baling Site, Newark, Essex County, New Jersey
FROM: Donald R. Graham, On-Scene Coordinator
TO: J. Rotola, EPA
D. Harkay, EPA
G. Zachos, EPA
B. Grealish, EPA
B. Dease, EPA
C. Echols, EPA
W. Riley, EPA
R. Dooley, City of Newark
R. Edwards, City of Newark
A. Baptista, Ironbound CC
F. Mumford, NJDEP
C. Kelley, RST 2

POLREP: Five (5) [07/04/08 - 08/12/08]

II. BACKGROUND

Site No.:	4N
Contract No.:	EP-W-04-054
Delivery Order No.:	057
Response Authority:	CERCLA
ERNS No.:	N/A
CERCLIS No.:	NJD011534708
NPL Status:	Non-NPL
State Notification	NJDEP notified
Action Memo Status:	March 12, 2008
Start Date:	March 13, 2008
Completion Date:	N/A

III. SITE INFORMATION

A. Incident Category

Inactive scrap metal processing facility

B. Site Description

The Tidewater Baling Site is located at 26 St. Charles Street in Newark, Essex County, New Jersey. The Site is a former scrap metal processing and baling facility that is currently vacant. The area of the Site is approximately 2.5 acres and is bordered by Conrail to the north, St. Charles Street to the west, and the Ironbound Recreation Center to the south. A number of industrial facilities are located north of the Site. The closest residence is approximately 100 feet from the Site to the west, and several thousand residents are located within a quarter mile of the Site. There are several abandoned structures on the Site in poor condition, as well as remnants of metal structures used in the former baling process. Except for the asphalt and cobble driveway at the entrance to the facility, the majority of the Site is soil covered. Soils in various portions of the Site contain ash, fine metal particles and shavings, and areas with visible petroleum staining.

Historical investigations have revealed elevated levels of heavy metals, petroleum hydrocarbons, and PCBs in soils at the Site. In 1989, EPA conducted a removal action to restrict the migration of oily discharges and to limit access to the Site from an adjoining recreational area. More recently, the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) has conducted an emergency cleanup which included the installation of a fence surrounding the majority of the Site, and the removal of 60 cubic yards of heavily oil-saturated soils and the removal of 12,500 gallons of petroleum from drums and leaking tankers.

On September 25, 2006, the EPA Removal Action Branch (RAB) received a request from the NJDEP to evaluate the Site for a CERCLA removal action. Pursuant to this request, the RAB's Removal Assessment and Enforcement Section conducted a site investigation which culminated in the issuance of a Removal Site Evaluation (RSE) on November 14, 2007. The RSE included a Letter of Technical Assistance (LTA) which was prepared by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services through a cooperative agreement with the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry. The LTA concluded that "conditions at the Site represent a public health hazard regarding exposures via trespassing and an indeterminate public health hazard regarding the lead contamination along the sidewalk area of St. Charles Street." Based upon the available information, the RSE determined that "a CERCLA removal action is warranted at the Site to address the potential threats posed to the community surrounding the Site and to the persons that enter onto the Site."

IV. RESPONSE INFORMATION

A. Situation

1. Current Situation

The purpose of this removal action is to eliminate the threat of direct contact posed to the public by surface soils (2') at the Site which are contaminated with hazardous substances including lead and PCBs. This removal action was initiated on March 13, 2008, and has accomplished the excavation of lead and PCB contaminated surface soils and the backfilling of the excavated areas. The transportation and disposal (T&D) of the remaining stockpiled surface soils is nearing completion.

2. Removal Activities to Date

The ERRS contractor has completed the excavation of contaminated surface soils at the Site. Approximately 90% of the excavated soils have been disposed of. Of the remaining stockpiled soils, approximately two thirds consists of lead contaminated soils. The remaining one third includes lead contaminated soil and debris which also contain PCBs >50 ppm (see Disposition of Wastes Table for details).

Other actions during the reporting period included the continued cutting and sizing of rail track into 10 foot sections and shipment of the track for recycling. ERRS boarded up the office building to prevent unauthorized access to the building. The raised portion of the concrete pad located in the footprint of the demolished warehouse building was removed. Two steel gantry crane support structures were removed and recycled. The block wall along the western perimeter of the site was demolished and temporary fencing erected. EPA continued to maintain 24-hour security at the Site.

The EPA continued a dust control program to eliminate the potential for the off-site migration of contaminants to the adjoining Ironbound Recreation Center (IRC) and surrounding community during all demolition, excavation and loading activities at the Site. The dust control program included the ongoing application of water to work areas during excavation, demolition and loading activities. RST 2's total particulate monitoring and the collection of air samples for total lead continued during the reporting period. No particulate or lead levels were detected above the Site action levels of 0.2 mg/m^3 and 0.050 mg/m^3 respectively. Particulate monitoring and the collection of air samples will continue throughout the course of the Removal Action.

B. Planned Removal Activities

Removal activities will continue with the T&D of remaining contaminated soils and the backfilling of stockpile locations. The dust control program, including water application and perimeter air monitoring and sampling, will be maintained throughout the course of the removal action process.

C. Enforcement

The Executor of the Estate for the PRP has signed an access agreement with EPA authorizing its continued access to the Site to undertake actions authorized by CERCLA, as may be necessary to abate the threat posed to public health, welfare and the environment by the release and threat of release of hazardous substances from the Site. At this time, EPA has not identified a viable PRP to which it could issue an order regarding these response activities.

D. Key Issues

On August 7, 2008, EPA conducted a press event at the Site. Attendees included the EPA Regional Administrator, Mr. Alan Steinberg, the City of Newark Mayor, Mr. Cory A. Booker and members of the local press.

An action memorandum requesting a ceiling increase of $1,000,000 has been approved. The requested ceiling increase resulted from escalating project costs due to a larger volume of excavated soils than originally anticipated. Furthermore, a large percentage of the excavated soils have a much higher density (i.e. more weight per ton) than expected due to the high percentage of debris which could not be segregated from the waste stream. These factors have contributed directly to a significant increase in transportation and disposal costs for the excavated soils.

V. COST INFORMATION

Project Mitigation Ceiling	$5,012,348.00
Mitigation Contract Costs (as of 8/11/08)	$3,959,538.47
Remaining Project Ceiling	21%

The above accounting of expenditures is an estimate based on figures known to the OSC at the time this report was written. The cost accounting provided in this report does not necessarily represent an exact monetary figure which the government may include in any cost recovery claim.

VI. DISPOSITION OF WASTES
As of 8/12/2008

Waste Stream	Manifest Type	Quantity Loaded	Total Quantity	Weight Unit	Transporter	Designated Facility	Treatment
Heavy No.1 Steel	Bill of Lading	29 Trucks	476	Tons	Metal Management Northeast/ Newark, NJ	Metal Management Northeast/ Newark, NJ	Recycle
Long Length Rail	Bill of Lading	2 Trucks	18.5	Tons	Metal Management Northeast/ Newark, NJ	Metal Management Northeast/ Newark, NJ	Recycle
Light Sheet Steel/ Light Scrap Steel	Bill of Lading	2 Trucks	80	Cu yd	Metal Management Northeast/ Newark, NJ	Metal Management Northeast/ Newark, NJ	Recycle
Wood	Bill of Lading	4 / 30 yd Roll-Off Container	120	Cu yd	Cali Carting Inc./ Kearny, NJ	TransLoad America Essex County Municipal Transfer Facility	Landfill
Brick/Block, General	Bill of Lading	30 / 20 yd Roll-Off Container	600	Cu yd	Cali Carting Inc./ Kearny, NJ	TransLoad America Essex County Municipal Transfer Facility	Landfill
Lead Contaminated Soil with PCBs < 50ppm	NJ Hazardous Waste Manifest	1/20 yd Roll-Off Container & 469 Trucks	12,292	Tons	J&D Transport/ Vineland, NJ	Clean Earth/ Kearny, NJ	Fixation
Lead Contaminated Soil with PCBs < 50ppm with battery casing shards	NJ Hazardous Waste Manifest	13 Trucks	342	Tons	J&D Transport/ Vineland, NJ	Clean Earth/ Kearny, NJ	Fixation
Lead Contaminated Soil with PCBs < 50ppm & Cadmium > 1mg/L	NJ Hazardous Waste Manifest	15 Trucks	375	Tons	J&D Transport/ Vineland, NJ	Clean Earth/ Kearny, NJ	Fixation
Debris > 50% containing Lead Contaminated Soil with PCBs > 50ppm	NJ Hazardous Waste Manifest	18 Trucks	360	Tons	Environmental Protection & Improvement Company/ Mt. Arlington, NJ	US Ecology Idaho/ Grand View, ID	Fixation/ Micro Encapsulation
Lead Contaminated Soil with PCBs > 50ppm <500ppm & Cadmium > 1mg/L	NJ Hazardous Waste Manifest	29 Trucks	675	Tons	Environmental Protection & Improvement Company/ Mt. Arlington, NJ	US Ecology Idaho/ Grand View, ID	Fixation/ Landfill
Lead Contaminated Soil with PCBs > 50ppm < 500ppm	NJ Hazardous Waste Manifest	57	1425	Tons	J&D Transport/ Vineland, NJ	EQ Wayne Disposal Facility	Landfill